



**SALGA PRESENTATION TO NCOP
SELECT COMMITTEE: COGTA VISIT
MATJHABENG LM
25 MARCH 2022**



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SALGA MANDATE

Transform local government to enable it to fulfil its developmental mandate.

Lobby, Advocate & Represent

Lobby, advocate, protect and represent the interest of local government at relevant structures and platforms.

Employer Body

Act as an employer body representing all municipal members and, by agreement, associate members.

Capacity Building

Build the capacity of the municipality as an institution as well as leadership and technical capacity of both Councillors and Officials.

Support & Advice

Support and advise our members on a range of issues to assist effective execution of their mandate.

Strategic Profiling

Build the profile and image of local government within South Africa as well as outside the country.

Knowledge & Information Sharing

Serve as the main hub of LG knowledge and intelligence and to facilitate peer learning within the sector.

Inspiring Service Delivery

LG CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATE

- **Section 151 (3) of the Constitution** established a local sphere of government, elevating the status of local government from statutory bodies to a full level of government in its own right;
- A municipal council is a full legislative body with vested right to govern the affairs of its community on its own initiative. Constitutional recognition of local democracy was an important innovation to deepen democracy in South Africa

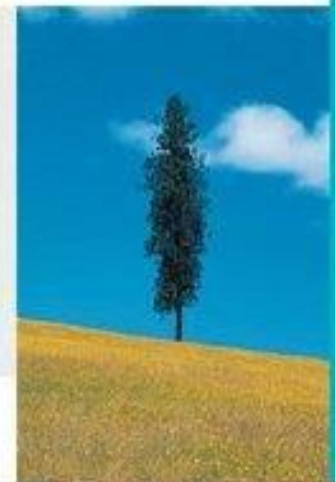
OBJECTS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

1. Provide **democratic and accountable government** for local communities;
2. Ensure the **provision of services to communities** in a sustainable manner;
3. Promote social and **economic development**;
4. Promote a **safe and healthy environment**; and
5. Encourage **involvement of communities & community organisations** in matters of LG

THE ABOVE MUST BE READ WITH SCHEDULE 4B & 5B OF CONSTITUTION WHICH LISTS FUNCTIONS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

THE CONSTITUTION
OF THE REPUBLIC OF
SOUTH AFRICA

JUTA'S POCKET STATUTES



14TH EDITION

UPDATED
JANUARY 2015



OVERVIEW OF MASILONYANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

Infrastructure , Water and sanitation challenges



For years Masilonyane was marred with poor water quality and interrupted water provision- Clean Water Pump station DAMS ,Water Reservoir.

Management , operation and water treatment compliance to DWA Legal requirement of SAN 241 and regulation 2834

Through MIG the Municipality Upgraded the water reticulation Network, Isolation valves and new pipeline in Makeleketla (Winburg) . Project Completed.

-Brand Water Purification Project in fort

Municipality still experiencing challenges to complete construction a bulk water supply pipeline from Sedibeng Water reservoirs to Winburg Reservoir.

MIG - Water Purification Project in Brandfort in Majwemasweu
Upgrading of Winburg Water Treatment Works (Funded y Dept of Water ad Sanitation)

Winburg/Makeleketla sewer pump stations and Wastewater treatment works

Eradication of bucket system in Theunnissen

GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Administrative Capacity section 57&56

Masilonyana Local Municipality	Municipal Manager	Mr PS Tsekedi	Filled (Suspended position filled by acting)	01/01/2018	31/12/2022	BA, UED & MFMP
	Chief Financial Officer		Filled			
	Director: Corporate Services		Filled			
	Director: Technical Services	i	Filled	01/07/2020	30/06/2025	
	Director: Community and Social Services		Filled	01/01/2020		

Governance Capacity

Political Party Name	Council Leading 2021	Council Leading 2016	Council Control 2021	Council Control 2016	Seats 2021	Seats 2016	% Support 2021	% Support 2016
ANC	1	1	1	1	11	12	54,82%	64,08%
DA	0	0	0	0	4	4	20,46%	21,83%
EFF	0	0	0	0	2	2	10,54%	9,48%
VF plus	0	0	0	0	1	1	5,36%	2,39%
F4SD	0	0	0	0	1	0	1,16%	0,00%
ATM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,95%	0,00%
UIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,69%	0,00%
ACM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,47%	0,00%
Independent	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,55%	0,73%

Analysis

Masilonyana Local Municipality is a rural Municipality. The Council is led and controlled by African National Congress (ANC) leadership with 54,82 % in 2021 local government elections from 64,08 % in 2016. The ANC has eleven (11) seats as it lost one (1) seat in 2021 from twelve (12) in 2016. Democratic Alliance remains an official opposition with four (4) seats and Economic Freedom Fighters has two (2) seats in 2021 and 2016 respectively, Freedom Front plus has (1) seat in the council at 5,36 % support, whilst Forum for Good Governance gains 1 seat at 1,16% percent

The Municipality presents an opportunity for a stable council if well governed.

Council and committees



Establishment of Committees- Inaugurated 22 November 2022

MAYCO

Section 80 –(4) council Committee

MPAC and Rules and Ethics Committee

Sitting of Councils – meeting sits as planned and resolutions taken

OVERVIEW OF Kopanong Local Municipality

Kopanong Category B “” Municipality situated in Xhariep District Municipality

Infrastructure , Water and sanitation challenges



Bethulie water pump station

Network spillages across Municipality

Municipal Plans for water and sanitation CHALLENGES



Municipality has financial constraints and litigation.

GOVERNANCE IN KOPANONG LM

Political Party Name	Council Leading 2021	Council Leading 2016	Council Control 2021	Council Control 2016	Seats 2021	Seats 2016	% Support 2021	% Support 2016
ANC	1	1	1	1	11	11	66,04%	69,51%
DA	0	0	0	0	3	3	16,47%	17,59%
EFF	0	0	0	0	2	1	10,05%	7,44%
VF Plus	0	0	0	0	1	0	5,20%	2,28%
ATM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,57%	0,00%
Independent	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,67%	2,44%

Analysis



Kopanong Local Municipality is a rural Municipality which its Council is under African National Congress (ANC) leadership with 66,04% in 2021 local government election from 69,51 % in 2016. The ANC seats from 2016 Local government elections to in 2021 remains eleven (11). Democratic Alliance remains an official opposition with three (3) seats and EFF gained two (2) seats council in 2021 from one seat in 2016. Freedom Front plus gained one (1) seat in the council at 5.09% support,

The Municipality presents an opportunity for a stable council.

Section 57 and 56 Managers

Kopanong Local Municipality	Municipal Manager	Mr MM Kubeka	Filled	01/08/2017	29/07/2022	<i>iring service delivery</i>
	Chief Financial Officer	Mr LJ Makubu	Filled	01/05/2021 Assumed duty 01/06/2021	30/04/2026	
	Director: Corporate Services	Me CK Pitso	Filled	01/12/2017	30/11/2022	
	Director: Technical Services		Vacant			
	Director Community Services		Vacant			

MANGAUNG METRO MUNICIPALITY OVERVIEW

Mangaung category “A” Municipality

Section 139(5)(a) and (c) intervention commenced on 15 January 2020 to implement Financial Recovery plan Five persons appointed by Provincial exco .

Infrastructure , Water and sanitation challenges



Experienced water challenges interruptions and for the past 10 days especially in the Bloemfontein area

GOVERNANCE IN MANGAUNG

GOVERNANCE POST 2021 LG Elections

Political Party Name	Council Leading 2021	Council Leading 2016	Council Control 2021	Council Control 2016	Seats 2021	Seats 2016	% Support 2021	% Support 2016
ANC	1	1	1	1	51	58	50,63%	56,52%
DA	0	0	0	0	26	27	25,73%	25,96%
EFF	0	0	0	0	12	9	11,31%	8,66%
VF Plus	0	0	0	0	5	2	4,48%	1,92%
PA	0	0	0	0	2	0	1,80%	0,00%
ASSD	0	0	0	0	2	0	1,44%	0,0%
AIC	0	0	0	0	1	2	1,27%	1,69%
ACDP	0	0	0	0	1	0	0,72%	0,39%
ATM	0	0	0	0	1	0	0,59%	0,00%
UCDP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,38%	0,20%
COPE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0,23%	0,60%
UIM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,17%	0,00%
others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,98%	0,00%
Independents	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,80%	2,47%

Following 2021 Local Government elections Mangaung Metro, remained under the governance of the African National Congress, (ANC) however the governing party lost 6% of the seats from 2016 local government elections outcomes, resulting in the reduction of seven (7 seats). The ANC still enjoy majority seats for is above 50% threshold. The outcomes provide an opportunity for unstable and incoherent governance Because of the smaller win margin, Democratic Alliance remains the official opposition at 25.73 % compared to 25,96% in 2016, resulting in loss of one (1) seat. Economic Freedom Fighter came third with 11.31% in 2021 from 8.66% in 2016. The party gained three more seats from 9 in 2016 to 12.

Mangaung Metro Municipality had a high number of registered political parties including independents that contested the local government election, this could be attributed to the Metro status as the Municipality inherently poses economic opportunities therefore is characterised by urbanization and contestation for resources that may lead to service delivery challenges as the city grows hence the emergency of new political parties and independents.

The inaugural meeting of the new Council that elected the Speaker, Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor and Council whip sat on 22 November 2021. Further elected chairpersons of section 79 Committees,

The council sat on 26 JANUARY to deal with the appointment of the 22 FEBRUARY 2022 to appoint the acting City Managers was characterised by employee strike, 15 March 2022 to deal with the budget adjustment

Appointment of ward Committee members is not yet finalised , the hundred twenty days for establishment of ward committees ends 31 March, however the office of the Speaker indicated that the process to establish ward committees is underway, however very slow due to capacity in the speaker's office
Role clarification with regard to Troika ,probably due to the fact that leadership is only four month in since the local government election resulting in communication breakdown

- The City Manager Contract was terminated in July 2021, however his contract was ending 31 March 2022.
- CFO , Head of Human Settlement and Housing Contracts ends on 30 April 2022
- Contracts of HODs of fleet Management , Economic and Rural Development and Social Services end 31 March 2022
- Contract for HOD Engineering Services ends 30 April 2022
- Contract for Director Corporate Services ends 30 November 2022

CAPACITY BUILDING

ICIP MODULES AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this programme, the learners will be able to:

Workshop

Intro and Welcome:

1. Describe the purpose, objectives and outcomes of the Integrated Councillor Induction Programme (ICIP).
2. Explain the structure of the ICIP.

Module 1

Programme Overview:

1. Discuss the link between the ICIP, the National Development Plan and the Back-to-Basics Strategy.
2. Describe the key concepts relating to local government.
3. Explain the connection between the theoretical and practical aspects of governance.
4. Describe developmentalism in a local context.

Module 2

The Municipal Councillor as an Ethical Leader:

1. Describe the Code of Conduct for a municipal councillor.
2. Discuss the ethics and values that are necessary in the public service.
3. Explain Batho Pele.
4. Explain why it is critical to be a moral person.
5. Identify how to avoid conflicts of interest.

Module 3

The Municipal Councillor as a Skilled Leader:

1. Describe the qualities of a skilled leader.
2. Describe how to manage time better.
3. Discuss how to deliver formal speeches.
4. Describe how to effectively resolve conflicts.
5. Recognise how to use information appropriately.
6. Explain how to help to fix municipal problems.

LEARNING OUTCOMES, CONT...

By the end of this programme, the learners will be able to:

Module 4 Policy and Legislation:

1. State the constitutional aspects of municipal arrangements in South Africa.
2. Describe the National Development Plan, Outcome 9 Delivery Agreement, Medium Term Strategic Framework and other strategic goals and targets that relate to municipalities.
3. Explain what is legally acceptable for municipalities to do.
4. Describe the legislation and policies relating to municipal governance.

Module 5 Municipal Governance:

1. Discuss the machinery of government.
2. Explain the value of co-operation and collaboration when governing (co-operative governance) .
3. Explain municipal differences and restrictions.
4. List the different types of municipalities and their functions.
5. Describe the two-tier municipal governance system.
6. Explain the different roles and responsibilities of the three spheres of government.

Module 6 Municipal Role Players and Stakeholders:

1. List the municipality's role players and stakeholders.
2. Describe the roles and responsibilities of different role players and stakeholders.
3. State the working relationships that you are expected to protect.
4. Describe the need for community participation and joint decision-making.
5. Explain how to build and maintain stakeholder relationships.

Module 7 Municipal Procedures and Protocols:

1. Describe meeting procedures and other official responsibilities.
2. Explain the importance of the separation of powers.
3. Discuss the relevant aspects of GEYODI and King III.
4. Explain collective bargaining.
5. Differentiate between the authority you have and the authority you don't have.

LEARNING OUTCOMES, CONT...

By the end of this programme, the learners will be able to:

Module 8

Municipal Planning and Strategy:

1. Discuss national, provincial and local growth and development strategies.
2. Explain spatial planning, land use management, human settlements planning and strategic planning.
3. Explain local economic development.
4. Explain integrated development planning.
5. Discuss how to oversee the rollout of socio-economic strategies.

Module 9

Municipal Finance Management:

1. Define good governance.
2. Identify whether the municipal administration is managing its financial affairs in line with current legislation and regulations.
3. Explain the value of transparency and regular reporting.
4. Discuss municipal finance management and your role in the planning and budgeting process.
5. Explain financial misconduct and the relevant regulations and procedures.
6. Review how to draft a municipal budget.

Module 10

Municipal Performance and Accountability:

1. List the principles that relate to municipal performance and accountability.
2. Explain the setting of targets and key performance indicators.
3. Discuss service level agreements.
4. Discuss performance management systems.
5. Describe how to monitor and evaluate municipal performance.

- MPAC Trainings





THANK YOU

Me Emily Kuzwayo
Acting Provincial Director of Operations
email: ekuzwayo@salga.org.za



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